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10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT						
11	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA						
12	SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION						
13	CLOAKWORKS, INC.,	CASE NO. 08-CV-02044-PJH					
14) Plaintiff,)						
15	v.)	DEFENDANT CLOAKWARE INC.'S ANSWER TO ORIGINAL COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT AND					
16	CLOAKWARE, INC.,	COUNTERCLAIMS					
17	Defendant.	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL					
18							
19	Pursuant to Rules 8, 12, and 13 of the	he Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Local					
20	Rules of this Court, the defendant Cloakwa	are Inc. ("Cloakware") answers the allegations of the					
21	plaintiff Cloakworks, Inc.'s ("Cloakworks"	') Complaint and asserts counterclaims as follows:					
22		<u>PARTIES</u>					
23	1. Cloakware is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the						
24	truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 1 of the Complaint, and therefore denies them.						
25	2. Cloakware admits the allega	ations contained in paragraph 2 of the Complaint.					
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		Defendant Cloakware Inc.'s Answer to Original					

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. Cloakware admits that the Complaint purports to assert a cause of action for patent infringement under the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 271, and that the Court has subject matter jurisdiction. Cloakware is not challenging that venue is proper in this District. Cloakware denies the remaining allegations contained in Paragraph 4 of the Complaint.
- Cloakware is not challenging that the Court has personal jurisdiction over
 Cloakware. Cloakware denies the remaining allegations contained in paragraph 5 of the
 Complaint.

INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

6. Paragraph 6 states a legal conclusion for which no answer is required.

BACKGROUND

- 7. Cloakware admits that U.S. Patent No. 6,192,475 ("475 Patent") shows February 20, 2001 as its date of issue and lists David R. Wallace as the inventor. Cloakware further admits that what purports to be a copy of the '475 Patent is attached to the Complaint as Exhibit A. Cloakware is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations contained in paragraph 7 of the Complaint, and therefore denies them.
- 8. Cloakware is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 8 of the Complaint, and therefore denies them.
- 9. Cloakware admits that the '475 Patent contains 22 claims, and that one form of tampering is when a hacker makes unauthorized changes to software. Cloakware denies the remaining allegations contained in paragraph 9.
- 10. Cloakware admits that the '475 Patent shows February 20, 2001 as the date of issue, and that it became aware of the existence of the '475 Patent no later than 2004. Cloakware denies the remaining allegations contained in paragraph 10.
- 11. With respect to the first sentence of paragraph 11 of the Complaint, Cloakware admits that it makes and sells products intended to prevent software reverse engineering and

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tampering, and has described itself as the world's leading provider of products and services to protect digital assets. Cloakware denies the first sentence of paragraph 11 to the extent that it implies that Cloakware's products provide security for any and all types of "digital content." Cloakware denies the allegations contained in the second sentence of paragraph 11 of the Complaint. With respect to the third sentence of paragraph 11 of the Complaint, Cloakware admits that it sells its products to leading providers of personal computers, portable devices, mobile phones, and set-top boxes; Cloakware denies the sentence to the extent that it suggests that Cloakware has sold more than one billion products and denies the remaining allegations in the sentence. Cloakware denies the allegations contained in the fourth sentence of paragraph 11 of the Complaint.

12. Cloakware admits that its products include the Cloakware Security Suite (which includes a Transcoder), Cloakware Robustness Solutions, and Cloakware Server Password Manager. Cloakware denies the remaining allegations contained in the first sentence of paragraph 12 of the Complaint. Cloakware denies the allegations contained in the second and third sentences of paragraph 12 of the Complaint. With respect to the fourth sentence of paragraph 12 of the Complaint, Cloakware is without knowledge or information sufficient to know what meaning Cloakworks ascribes to various terms and phrases (which appear to be taken from the '475 Patent), and therefore denies the allegations. With respect to the fifth sentence of paragraph 12 of the Complaint, Cloakware admits that its products are intended to prevent software reverse engineering and tampering, and denies that all its products perform all the functions listed..

COUNT 1

- 13. Cloakware repeats and restates its responses to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 12 of the Complaint in their entirety.
- 14. Cloakware is without knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in paragraph 14 of the Complaint, and therefore denies them.
 - 15. Cloakware denies the allegations contained in paragraph 15 of the Complaint.

1 2 3 4 5 6	 16. Cloakware denies the allegations contained in paragraph 16 of the Complaint. 17. Cloakware denies the allegations contained in paragraph 17 of the Complaint. 18. Cloakware denies the allegations contained in paragraph 18 of the Complaint. 19. Cloakware denies the allegations contained in paragraph 19 of the Complaint. 20. Cloakware denies the allegations contained in paragraph 20 of the Complaint. 				
8	PRAYER Cloakware denies that Cloakworks is entitled to any of its requested relief.				
9	J				
10					
11	(Non-Infringement)				
12	Cloakware does not directly infringe and has not directly infringed, either literally or under				
13	the doctrine of equivalents, and does not indirectly infringe and has not indirectly infringed, by				
14	contributing to infringement or inducing infringement of, any valid and enforceable claim of the				
15	'475 Patent.				
16	SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE				
17	(Invalidity)				
18	One or more claims of the '475 Patent is invalid for failing to meet one or more of the				
19	requisite statutory and decisional requirements and/or conditions for patentability under Title 35 of				
20	the United States Code, including without limitation §§ 101, 102, 103, 112, and/or 116.				
21	THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE				
22	(Statutory Limitations on Damages and Recovery of Costs)				
23	Upon information and belief, Cloakworks' claims for relief and prayer for damages are				
24	limited by 35 U.S.C. §§ 286 and/or 287, and Cloakworks is barred by 35 U.S.C. § 288 from				
25	recovering costs associated with its action.				
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	Defendant Cloakware Inc.'s Answer to Original				

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FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Prosecution History Estoppel)

Cloakworks is estopped from construing any claim of the '475 Patent to be infringed or have been infringed, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by any method or product manufactured, used, imported, sold, or offered for sale by Cloakware in view of the prior art and because of admissions and statements made to the United States Patent and Trademark Office during prosecution of the application leading to the '475 Patent, because of disclosure or language in the specification of the '475 Patent, and/or because of limitations in the claims of the '475 Patent.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Laches, Waiver, Estoppel)

Cloakworks' claims are barred by laches, waiver, and/or estoppel because, on information and belief, Cloakworks knew of the basis for the allegations it now asserts for many years but unreasonably delayed in bringing suit.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Adequate Remedy Other Than Injunctive Relief)

Cloakworks is not entitled to injunctive relief because any alleged injury to Cloakworks is not immediate or irreparable, and Cloakworks has an adequate remedy at law.

COUNTERCLAIMS

Cloakware Inc. ("Cloakware") brings these Counterclaims against Cloakworks, Inc. ("Cloakworks"):

PARTIES

1. Counterclaim-plaintiff Cloakware Inc. is a company organized and existing under the laws of Delaware with its principal place of business in Vienna, Virginia. 2. According to the allegations of paragraph 1 of the Complaint, Cloakworks is a company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware with its principal place of business in San Francisco, California.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 3. This is an action for declaratory relief. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction of these counterclaims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338(a), 2201, and 2202.
 - 4. Cloakworks is subject to personal jurisdiction in this Court.
- 5. Venue for these counterclaims is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b).

FACTS

- 6. According to the allegations of paragraphs 1 and 7 of the Complaint, Cloakworks claims to be the sole owner of the entire right, title, and interest in the '475 Patent.
- 7. Cloakworks has accused Cloakware of directly and/or indirectly making, using, offering for sale, and/or selling products covered by one or more claims of the '475 Patent. Cloakworks has also accused Cloakware of willful infringement of the '475 Patent. Cloakware denies that any of its products infringes the '475 Patent and further believes that the '475 Patent is invalid and/or unenforceable.
- 8. An actual case and controversy exists between the parties concerning the infringement, validity, and enforceability of the '475 Patent, and that controversy is ripe for adjudication by this Court.

FIRST COUNTERCLAIM

(Declaration of Non-Infringement of the '475 Patent)

- 9. Cloakware repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 8 of the Counterclaims as if fully set forth herein.
- 10. Cloakware is not infringing and has not infringed, directly or indirectly, any valid, enforceable claim of the '475 Patent.

1 2 3 4 5 6	is entitled to	To resolve the legal and factual questions raised by Cloakworks and to afford relief vertainty and controversy that Cloakworks' accusations have precipitated, Cloakware a declaratory judgment that it has not infringed and is not infringing, directly or my valid, enforceable claim of the '475 Patent either literally or under the doctrine of				
7	SECOND COUNTERCLAIM					
8	(Declaration of Invalidity of the '475 Patent)					
9	12.	Cloakware repeats and realleges the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through				
10	11 of the Co	unterclaims as if fully set forth herein.				
11	13.	One or more claims of the '475 Patent is invalid for failing to meet one or more of				
12	the requisite	statutory and decisional requirements and/or conditions for patentability under Title				
13	35 of the Un	ited States Code, including without limitation, §§ 101, 102, 103, 112, and/or 116.				
14	14.	To resolve the legal and factual questions raised by Cloakworks and to afford relief				
15	from the unc	ertainty and controversy that Cloakworks' accusations have precipitated, Cloakware				
16	is entitled to a declaratory judgment that the claims of the '475 Patent are invalid.					
17		PRAYER FOR RELIEF				
18	WHE	EREFORE, Cloakware requests that this Court enter a judgment in its favor and				
19	against Cloal	kworks as follows:				
20	A.	Dismiss the Complaint in its entirety, with prejudice;				
21	В.	Enter judgment in favor of Cloakware and against Cloakworks;				
22	C.	Declare that the '475 Patent has not been infringed by Cloakware;				
23	D.	Declare that the '475 Patent is invalid and unenforceable;				
24	E.	Award Cloakware its costs (including expert fees), disbursements, and reasonable				
25	attorneys' fe	es incurred in this action, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285; and				
26	F.	Grant such further relief to Cloakware as is just and proper.				
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1	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL In accordance with Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b), Cloakware demands a trial by jury on all issues				
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3	so triable.	rk. civ. 1. 30(b), cloukware demands a trial by jury on air issu	.03		
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8	Dated: June 11, 2008	WILMER CUTLER PICKERING HALE AND DORR LLP			
9		HALE AND DOKK LLP			
10		Dec. /s/Med. D. Calerra			
11		By: /s/ Mark D. Selwyn Mark D. Selwyn WILMER CUTLER PICKERING			
12		HALE AND DORR LLP			
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15		Attorney for Defendant Cloakware Inc.			
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